

新疆维吾尔自治区、新疆生产建设兵团  
2023 年初中学业水平考试

英语试题卷

本试卷分为第 I 卷和第 II 卷,本试卷满分 150 分(含听力 30 分),考试时间 120 分钟。

题号	第 I 卷					第 II 卷					总分
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	
得分											

第 I 卷(选择题,满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力测试(满分 30 分)

I. 听力(共 30 分)

A. 听音选图(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

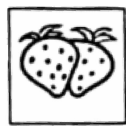
根据听到的句子内容选择正确的图片。每小题读两遍。



A



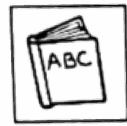
B



C



D



E

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

B. 情景反应(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

听句子,选择正确的应答。每小题读两遍。

6. A. No problem. B. Yes, I am. C. On Bridge Street.

7. A. Sounds good. B. I'm fine. C. You're welcome.

8. A. Never mind. B. No, thanks. C. It sells well.

9. A. No, he didn't. B. Here you are. C. Have a good time.

10. A. That's for sure.

B. I was playing the piano.

C. She needs help.

C. 对话理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

听对话及问题,选择正确的答案。每组对话读两遍。

11. How's the weather today?

A. It's rainy. B. It's snowy. C. It's sunny.

12. Where did Frank go yesterday?

A. The hotel.

B. The hospital.

C. The cinema.

13. What kind of music does Tom like best?

A. Folk music.

B. Pop music.

C. Rock music.

14. What will Scott do tonight?

A. Prepare for a speech.

B. Go to a concert.

C. Watch TV.

15. How did Rick get to Shanghai?

A. By plane.

B. By train.

C. By car.

D. 短文理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

听短文,选择正确的答案。短文读两遍。

16. Who was the man talking to in the morning?

A. His son.

B. His family doctor.

C. His mother.

17. When did the man begin to test his wife's hearing?

A. In the morning.

B. In the afternoon.

C. In the evening.

18. Why did the man move closer to his wife?

A. He didn't hear her answer.

B. He wanted to see her clearly.

C. He loved her.

19. How many times had the man's wife answered his question?

A. Nine.

B. Ten.

C. Eleven.

20. What would they have for dinner?

A. Carrots and beef.

B. Meat and rice.

C. Noodles and vegetables.

第二部分 语言知识运用(满分 70 分)

II. 从 B 栏中选出与 A 栏中相匹配的答语(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

A

B

21. Where is my hat?

A. Sure, you can.

22. How was your school trip?

B. It's mine.

23. Could I have some snacks?

C. It's on the sofa.

24. What club does she want to join?

D. It was wonderful.

25. Whose dictionary is that?

E. The swimming club.

III. 单项选择(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择一个正确答案。

26. —Have you heard of Xu Fengcan, \_\_\_\_\_ excellent pilot?

—Yes, she made every effort on \_\_\_\_\_ way to growing into a real pilot.

A. the;/

B. the;a

C. an;the

D. an;/

27. —Jack, when are we going to buy a birthday gift for our grandma, today or tomorrow?

—\_\_\_\_\_ are OK. I am available.

A. All

B. Both

C. Neither

D. None

28. —What abilities should a dog trainer have?

—I think he should be responsible and never \_\_\_\_\_.

A. give away

B. give out

C. give back

D. give up

29. \_\_\_\_\_ the times keep changing, young people in China have shown the same promise.

A. But

B. Unless

C. Although

D. As soon as

30. Siheyuan is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_ building around China with a history of more than 3,000 years.

A. central

B. traditional

C. musical

D. national

31. *The Wandering Earth II* \_\_\_\_\_ with the public since it came out.

- A. has been successful  
B. is successful  
C. was successful  
D. will be successful
32. —If we don't go in the right direction, we'll get lost \_\_\_\_\_.  
—Certainly. The proper direction is like a light in the dark.  
A. lately                      B. quietly  
C. easily                      D. differently
33. Lots of Chinese young people \_\_\_\_\_ were born after 1995 use door-to-door cooking to save time.  
A. that              B. those              C. which              D. /
34. —*Hanfu* lovers \_\_\_\_\_ walking down the street in many cities.  
—Well, wearing *hanfu* helps to understand the Chinese culture.  
A. can be found              B. can find  
C. must be found              D. must find
35. —Do you know \_\_\_\_\_?  
—It was introduced through the Silk Road.  
A. why pepper was planted in China  
B. what pepper was used for in China  
C. when pepper was discovered in China  
D. how pepper was introduced to China

IV. 完形填空 ( 本题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容, 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。

It was a summer noon. As I drove along the road in a mountain, I could see some pretty wildflowers. When I turned the corner and saw some 36 picking up litter on the roadside, I stopped 37 and smiled at them. They volunteered here on such a hot day. How helpful they were! I 38 a spring day long ago.

When my children were younger, we often took a walk around the lake near our home. One 39 day, we noticed much litter lying there. The next day, we brought a big litter bag and started to pick up the litter along our way. 40, the bag was nearly full. Tired but 41, we put the bag in an empty bin. We 42

- before we went home and took one last look at the lake as the sun set. It looked more beautiful than ever.
- I know this world's problems sometimes seem 43, but how can we solve them? The 44 is that everything we do kindly can make a difference. Every time we pick up a piece of litter, we make a difference. Every smile we share makes a difference. Our small act of being 45 can make this colorful world even better.
36. A. children                      B. drivers  
C. volunteers                      D. policemen
37. A. driving                      B. walking  
C. running                      D. riding
38. A. talked about                      B. wrote down  
C. looked for                      D. thought of
39. A. autumn              B. winter              C. spring              D. summer
40. A. Normally                      B. Finally  
C. Suddenly                      D. Actually
41. A. surprised              B. excited              C. bored              D. worried
42. A. stopped              B. danced              C. waited              D. moved
43. A. useful              B. simple              C. hard              D. possible
44. A. story              B. truth              C. news              D. class
45. A. busy              B. polite              C. lazy              D. kind
- V. 阅读理解 ( 本题共 20 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 40 分)

**A**

根据短文内容, 判断下面各小题的正 (T) 误 (F)。

In ancient China, people passed down plenty of classic stories from generation (一代人) to generation. Here are the stories of two famous characters.

One person is Che Yin. He was from a poor family, but he loved studying. He had to work in the daytime, so he could only study in the evening. However, there was a problem. He couldn't afford a lamp (灯). He didn't worry about that in summer. In the evening, he caught some fireflies (萤火虫), put them in a bag and used it as a lamp. This lamp was not very bright, but Che Yin could do some reading by lamplight in the evening.

- The other person is Sun Kang. He was smart, but he was so poor that he couldn't go to school. So he studied at home. He had to read just at night. Like Che Yin, he couldn't buy a lamp. On snowy nights, he went out and read in the snow. Why? There was the light of snow outside.
- Later, people use "Nang Ying Ying Xue" to say that a strong spirit is very important no matter how hard the life is. When we are having a hard time in life, don't lose heart. Never let life knock us down. Even in the hardest situation, there is hope that encourages us to move forward.
46. Che Yin could study from day to night.
47. Che Yin put fireflies in a bag as a lamp on summer evenings.
48. Like Che Yin, Sun Kang could afford a lamp.
49. Sun Kang did some reading by the light of snow outside at night.
50. Che Yin and Sun Kang set a good example to us.

**B**

根据表格内容, 在 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。

The world is full of possibilities, so stay open to all the new ideas. Who knows? You might be the next person who can and will change the world!

New Washing Machine
Remya Jose from an Indian village made a pedal-powered (脚踏式) washing machine by herself. It is kinder to the clothes than the electric washing machine. The clothes can be conveniently washed even when the electricity is out. Also, it can help people to get some exercise while washing.
New Blanket
One 13-year-old girl, Alyssa, got an idea from a Facebook story. She collects chip bags. For each bag, she starts by opening and washing it. Then she sticks all the bags together and turns them into nice blankets (毯子). So far she has turned 10,000 chip bags into 200 blankets. She also given them away to homeless people all over Wales.

New Armor

He Yanhong, a young woman from Chengdu, thinks nothing can go to waste. In February 2022, millions of people watched a video of her making a suit of armor (盔甲). It looked shiny and fantastic. It was made of some old everyday things.

New Artwork

An African artist Koffi made his artworks by using old phones. He took down the parts of old phones, painted them and made them into different artworks. Koffi helped people pay more attention to recycling.

51. Who invented the pedal-powered washing machine?
- A. Koffi. B. He Yanhong.
- C. Alyssa. D. Remya Jose.
52. What's the order of making the blankets?
- a. sticking chip bags together
- b. washing chip bags
- c. opening chip bags
- d. collecting chip bags
- A. d→c→b→a B. a→b→c→d
- C. b→a→c→d D. c→a→b→d
53. Where does He Yanhong come from?
- A. Africa. B. Chengdu.
- C. India. D. Wales.
54. Why did Koffi make artworks with old phones?
- A. To get some exercise.
- B. To make money as much as possible.
- C. To help homeless people.
- D. To help people pay more attention to recycling.
55. Where is the text probably from?
- A. A story book.
- B. A newspaper.
- C. A novel.
- D. A guidebook.

C

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择一个正确答案。

The first marathon (马拉松) of the modern Olympic Games took place in 1896. Now marathon is a popular sport across China. On April 26, more than 300,000 runners took part in 26 marathon events nationwide, reported *China Daily*.

Teenagers have also taken part in marathons actively. Xu Qian, a 15-year-old boy from Suqian, Jiangsu, loves running. He took first place in the 5-kilometer Happy Run of the Jingdong Suqian Marathon on April 2. For Xu, the race meant months of training and preparation. He ran about 30 to 40 kilometers each week ahead of the run. “The 800-meter run at school is more about speed while a marathon tests a runner’s endurance and psychological quality (心理素质)”, he said. When he felt tired during the race, he told himself to fight on.

As well as one’s fighting spirit, kindness from the people also plays a part in helping runners get to the finish line. Li Zhouzi from Shanxi took part in a 3-kilometer Kid Run of the Berlin Marathon in Germany in 2019 when she was 10. The support from the people cheering along the course (跑道) really encouraged her. “When things were hard, they cheered me on. The simple words ‘keep it up’ meant a lot to me and I was encouraged to keep going to the end,” Li said.

56. How many runners took part in 26 marathon events nationwide on April 26?
- A. More than 3,000.
- B. More than 30,000.
- C. More than 300,000.
- D. More than 3,000,000.
57. Why did Xu Qian run 30 to 40 kilometers each week ahead of the run?
- A. He wanted to help more runners.
- B. He had nothing to do but run.
- C. His father wanted him to do so.

D. He trained in preparation for the race.

58. Which of the following best explains the underlined word “endurance” in Paragraph 2?
- A. 想象力
- B. 创造力
- C. 忍耐力
- D. 自控力
59. What encouraged Li Zhouzi to keep going to the end?
- A. The people’s support.
- B. The finish line.
- C. Other runners’ help.
- D. The hard things.
60. What is the best title for the text?
- A. The Meaning of Marathon
- B. The History of Marathon
- C. Runners from China
- D. Hope for the Future

D

阅读下面短文,把 A – E 五个句子填入文中空缺处,使短文内容完整。

What color of wearing may make our day cheerful? Probably, dopamine(多巴胺) clothes have been a trend(潮流) on some short videos. 61 So they can get more dopamine and feel happy. But is there really any science behind this?

62 This kind of chemical can influence how we feel. According to *Science Magazine*, there is no study about how colorful clothes can increase dopamine, but there are ones that show a relationship between the clothes we wear and how we act and feel.

One study found that wearing red can lead to a better physical performance in soccer over the last 55 years. 63 Another study showed that wearing green can make people more creative. 64 Perhaps it can remind us of the nature. Yellow has signs of warmth. It makes people feel warm. 65

Maybe there is more science to be waiting for us to study.

- A. Wearing yellow can bring people happiness, energy and excitement.

B. It encourages people to choose colorful clothes.

C. Dopamine is a chemical(化学物质) in our brain.

D. Green has also been found to help people relax.

E. It showed that teams in red uniforms always played best in home games.

第Ⅱ卷(非选择题,满分50分)

Ⅵ. 词汇(本题共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

A. 根据首字母提示补全单词,使句子完整、通顺。将完整的单词写在答题卷上。

66. To have a greener life, it is better to walk or ride bicycles i\_\_\_\_\_ of driving.

67. Women’s Day and TreePlanting Day are in M\_\_\_\_\_.

68. I have a memory like an elephant and I never f\_\_\_\_\_ anything.

69. There is no other food that is as s\_\_\_\_\_ as *nang* in Xinjiang.

70. My mother always gets up e\_\_\_\_\_ to cook breakfast for me.

B. 根据汉语提示完成单词,使句子完整、通顺。

71. The skiing \_\_\_\_\_ (明星) Xu Mengtao’s experience is an inspiration to us all.

72. In our opinion, protecting animals is protecting \_\_\_\_\_ (我们自己).

73. The first “forest library” provides readers with a \_\_\_\_\_ (机会) to read in a natural environment.

74. Many Zhuang people \_\_\_\_\_ (唱) songs while walking, farming and doing housework.

75. Ren Xiaorong, a new \_\_\_\_\_ (成员) of the *People’s Daily*, is a woman AI host.

Ⅶ. 完成句子(本题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

根据所给提示完成句子。每空一词,含缩略词。

76. 特克斯县始建于1937年,因其独特的八卦布局而闻名。  
Tekes County was founded in 1937 and became famous \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ its unique layout of “Bagua”.

77. 使用公筷夹菜是一种良好的餐桌礼仪。

It is good \_\_\_\_\_ manners to pick up food \_\_\_\_\_ serving chopsticks.

78. My father takes me to the Old People’s Home once a month. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ does your father take you to the Old People’s Home?

79. I learned paper cutting from my teacher. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ paper cutting from your teacher?

80. Chen Yunxi trained hard to achieve her dream. (改为同义句)

Chen Yunxi trained hard to make her dream \_\_\_\_\_.

Ⅷ. 英语口语(本题共5小题,每小题1分,共5分)

根据对话内容,用恰当的单词、短语或句子补全对话。

(Two friends are talking on the phone.)

A: Hello, Mike speaking.

B: Hi, \_\_\_\_ 81 \_\_\_\_\_. How is it going?

A: Not bad, Laura. \_\_\_\_ 82 \_\_\_\_\_?

B: I am writing a report about the future jobs.

A: Sounds interesting! \_\_\_\_ 83 \_\_\_\_\_ when you grow up?

B: I want to be a doctor in the future.

A: Great! \_\_\_\_ 84 \_\_\_\_\_ this job?

B: I think it is difficult but meaningful.

A: I agree. I believe you can make it.

B: \_\_\_\_ 85 \_\_\_\_\_.

A: You’re welcome. See you then!

B: See you!

Ⅸ. 短文填空(本题共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

根据短文内容,在每个空格处选择一个恰当的词,并用该词的适当形式填空,使文章意思完整且符合逻辑。(每空一词,不可重复使用。)

us if in back touched difficulty

all fourth anywhere teach

Zhu Jinxiang has carried his disabled classmate Zhong Huaqiang

for nearly 10 years. They are from Jiangxi Province \_\_\_\_ 86 \_\_\_\_ the southeast of China. Zhong can’t walk and Zhu has helped him deal with all the \_\_\_\_ 87 \_\_\_\_ he faces at school.

Zhu carries Zhong on his \_\_\_\_ 88 \_\_\_\_, walks into the classroom and puts him on his seat every day. The two boys sit next to each other. When he finishes class, Zhu will turn to ask Zhong at once \_\_\_\_ 89 \_\_\_\_ he wants to drink water or go to the bathroom.

Zhu and his friend Zhong began to study in the same class in the \_\_\_\_ 90 \_\_\_\_ grade in primary school. They have known each other and been friends. Zhu is always with Zhong anytime \_\_\_\_ 91 \_\_\_\_ at school.

With the help of Zhu, Zhong does well in \_\_\_\_ 92 \_\_\_\_ his subjects and helps Zhu with his studies. “We help each other. I get him through the little things in life and he supports me in the study. This makes \_\_\_\_ 93 \_\_\_\_ better and better,” Zhu said.

Their teacher, named Xiao, said that their story \_\_\_\_ 94 \_\_\_\_ their classmates how to help each other. The friendship between the two classmates has also \_\_\_\_ 95 \_\_\_\_ many people on the Internet to do amazing and kind things for their friends.

X. 书面表达(15分)

每个人的成长,都经历过很多次尝试,有成功、有失败、有欣喜、有泪水……请以“My First Try”为题,用英语写一篇短文,记录你成长中的第一次尝试。

- 要求:1. 语句通顺,意思连贯,内容详实,语法正确,书写规范;

2. 文中不得出现真实姓名、校名等信息;

3. 词数80—120。开头已给出,不计入总词数。

My First Try

When it comes to the topic of “My First Try”, \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

新疆维吾尔自治区、新疆生产建设兵团  
2022 年初中学业水平考试

英语试题卷

考生须知:1. 本试卷分为试题卷和答题卷两部分,试题卷共 8 页,答题卷共 2 页。  
2. 满分 150 分(含听力 30 分),考试时间 120 分钟。

题号	第一部分	第二部分									总分
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	
得分											

第 I 卷(选择题,满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力测试(满分 30 分)

I. 听力(共 30 分)

A. 听音选图(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

根据听到的句子内容选择正确的图片。每小题读两遍。



A



B



C



D



E

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

B. 情景反应(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

听句子,选择正确的应答。每小题读两遍。

6. A. Yes, I am. B. Yes, I will. C. Yes, I do.  
7. A. Thank you. B. Coffee, please. C. Come on.  
8. A. It's red. B. It's 12 dollars. C. It's small.  
9. A. Sounds good. B. I'm sorry to hear that.  
C. I have a toothache.  
10. A. In two days. B. For two days.  
C. Three times a week.

C. 对话理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

听对话及问题,选择正确的答案。每组对话读两遍。

11. How does Mike go to school?  
A. By car. B. By bike. C. By subway.  
12. Who bought the skirt for Mary?  
A. Her father. B. Her mother. C. Her brother.  
13. Where is Paul now?  
A. In America. B. In China. C. In Canada.  
14. What does Tom's sister like for breakfast?  
A. Eggs and fruit. B. Bread and juice. C. Eggs and bread.  
15. When is Betty's birthday?  
A. July 5th. B. July 6th. C. July 7th.

D. 短文理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

听短文,选择正确的答案。短文读两遍。

16. How old is the dog?  
A. 2 years old. B. 3 years old. C. 4 years old.  
17. What does Helen ask the dog to bring at first?  
A. Her coat. B. Her shoes. C. Her hat.  
18. Who taught the dog to bring things?  
A. Helen. B. Helen's neighbors. C. Helen's friends.  
19. The dog looked \_\_\_\_\_ when Helen came home one day.  
A. happy B. sad C. tired  
20. Where were all the things from?  
A. Helen's house.  
B. Helen's neighbors' houses.  
C. Helen's friends' houses.

第二部分 语言知识运用(满分 70 分)

II. 口语匹配(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

从 B 栏选出与 A 栏相匹配的答语。

- A B  
21. Which season do you like best?  
A. She has long straight hair.

22. I think teenagers should do chores. B. Autumn.  
C. Yes, it's next to the bank.  
23. How much is the blue shirt?  
24. What does she look like? D. I agree with you.  
25. Is there a library near here? E. It's 50 dollars.

III. 单项选择(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择一个正确答案。

26. —Are you free on weekends?  
—Yes, I am going to have \_\_\_\_\_ picnic on \_\_\_\_\_ Sunday.  
A. the; an B. a; the C. a; / D. an; /  
27. —You never give up in difficult situations.  
—I believe \_\_\_\_\_ is impossible to a hopeful heart.  
A. nothing B. anything C. everything D. something  
28. —I find there are more and more overweight children in our school.  
—Exactly, so we should have good eating \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. tasks B. choices C. grades D. habits  
29. We promised to meet at 10 in the park last Sunday, but Bob didn't \_\_\_\_\_ until 12.  
A. put up B. show up C. stay up D. give up  
30. Photos speak \_\_\_\_\_, but they say a lot about our lives.  
A. comfortably B. bravely C. silently D. quickly  
31. Poems influence people a lot. \_\_\_\_\_, the poems of Bai Juyi are still meaningful today.  
A. In the end B. From now on C. At first D. For example  
32. —Why didn't you go to my party last night?  
—Sorry, I was \_\_\_\_\_ for the English test at that time.  
A. caring B. looking C. studying D. searching



33. Cindy felt \_\_\_\_\_ in her new school, so she joined some clubs to make new friends.
- A. lonely      B. sleepy      C. cold      D. hungry
34. —I wonder \_\_\_\_\_.  
—Yes, it tastes really nice.
- A. who likes eating zongzi  
B. where we can buy this kind of zongzi  
C. how much we should pay for this kind of zongzi  
D. if Jiaxing zongzi is delicious
35. —Don't forget to keep a safe social distance (距离) in public places, Tony!  
—\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Sorry, I won't      B. Never mind  
C. Not at all      D. I hope not

IV. 完形填空 (本题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。

A father and his son were happy when they saw flowers everywhere and the sky full of colorful kites of all kinds. It was the 36 Festival in Weifang, Shandong. The son wanted to fly a kite, too. The father bought a kite for him.

The son began to fly the kite. Soon, his kite was high up in the sky. After a while, the son said, "Father, it seems that the string (绳子) is 37 the kite from flying higher. If we cut it, it will be free and fly even 38. Can we cut it?" The father cut the string off. The kite started to go higher. This made the little boy 39. But then, slowly, the boy saw that the kite began to 40. It soon fell to the ground. The son was surprised to see this. He asked his father, "I thought that 41 cutting the string, the kite would fly higher. 42 did it fall down?" The father explained, "The string was not stopping the kite from going higher, but was helping it 43 in the sky. Using the string, you helped the kite go up in the right direction. But when you cut the 44, it could no longer support the kite."

We may sometimes feel like there are certain things that are

- holding us back and stopping us from growing. But 45, these might be the things that support us the most.
36. A. Kite      B. Water      C. Lantern      D. Spring
37. A. dropping      B. having      C. stopping      D. catching
38. A. higher      B. shorter      C. slower      D. quicker
39. A. excited      B. bored      C. worried      D. scared
40. A. run away      B. go up      C. come true      D. fall down
41. A. before      B. after      C. so      D. since
42. A. Who      B. When      C. Why      D. Where
43. A. jump      B. stay      C. get      D. make
44. A. paper      B. tree      C. grass      D. string
45. A. in total      B. in fact  
C. by the way      D. what's more

V. 阅读理解 (本题共 20 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 40 分)

A

根据短文内容, 判断下面各小题的正 (T) 误 (F)。

When it comes to daily choices, we already have a lot of tasty plant "milks" to choose from, but the latest one, potato milk, is a new one. Potato milk doesn't sound like the most delicious thing in the world, neither does oat milk (燕麦奶).

If you hope to try potato milk, you'll be happy to know that you can make it yourself at home. Generally, you just boil the potato, then mix it with the water it is boiled in, strain (过滤) it and add more water until it is what you want.

The only welcome potato milk, recently has been firstly sold on the market. Although some people noticed the potato milk when it was sold, the success of this "milk" still needs time, as some people who have tried it said that it tasted so so, others thought that it tasted a little salty.

But growing potatoes needs less land than growing oats, and it requires little water. Also it has more production than most plants. The new healthy drink may have a huge hill to climb, but it certainly has a chance to become the next big thing.

46. Potato milk is a kind of new plant milk. \_\_\_\_\_

47. People can't make potato milk at home. \_\_\_\_\_
48. The success of potato milk doesn't need time. \_\_\_\_\_
49. Potato milk may not taste good to some people. \_\_\_\_\_
50. The production of potatoes is less than that of most plants. \_\_\_\_\_

B

根据表格内容, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。

Here is a timetable of courses in Children's Palace.

Monday	Thursday
Space Course 19:00-20:00 (once a week for two months) Dr. Li Hua (the teacher from Red Star School) More knowledge about the outer space. Place: Room 105	Chinese Clay Art Course 19:00-21:00 (once a week for three months) Chinese Clay Art. Join us to learn it. Call Ms. Huang Li at 8820231. Place: Room 109
Tuesday	Saturday
Photography Course 18:30-19:30 (once a week for two months) Mr. Chen Yi, from Evening Paper, will show you how to take good pictures. Bring your own camera. Place: Room 218	Cooking Course 14:00-16:00 (once a week for two months) Ms. Qian Hong (a famous cook) Learn some common dishes, like scrambled eggs with tomato (番茄炒蛋). Place: Room 305
Wednesday	Sunday
Biology Course 18:00-19:00 (once a week for one month) Learn about earthworms (蚯蚓) in a field. Place: In the yard of Children's Palace	Chinese Shadow Puppetry (皮影戏) Course 15:00-17:30 (once a week for three months) Tell the story of <i>Journey to the West</i> by Mr. Liang Place: Room 308

51. When can you learn more about the outer space in Children's Palace? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. On Sunday. B. On Saturday.  
C. On Tuesday. D. On Monday.
52. Who can you learn from if you want to know more about the Chinese Clay Art? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. From Dr. Li Hua. B. From Ms. Huang Li.  
C. From Mr. Chen Yi. D. From Mr. Liang.
53. Where can we have the Biology Course? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. In Room 109. B. In Room 305.  
C. In the yard of Children's Palace. D. In Room 218.
54. What can you learn in the Cooking Course? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. How to cook.  
B. How to tell a story.  
C. How to take photos.  
D. How to make clay pieces.
55. Which course will last for the longest time? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Photography Course.  
B. Chinese Shadow Puppetry Course.  
C. Cooking Course.  
D. Biology Course.

**C**

根据短文内容,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择一个正确答案。



Why did Chinese people have more than one name in ancient times?

In ancient China, people's names had three parts, their family name, given name and courtesy name. Take famous poet Li Bai for example. His family name, which came from his father's name, was Li. His given name was Bai, and his **courtesy** name was Taibai.

People used their given names when they were among family members. But in social life, they called each other by their courtesy names to show respect. This was mostly done among people of similar

age. If you were talking about yourself, or if your elders were talking about you, the given name would be used instead of the courtesy name.

Men would get their courtesy names when they turned 20. It was a symbol of adulthood (成年礼). Women would get their courtesy names after getting married.

One's courtesy name often had something to do with one's given name. For example, the name of Mencius was Meng Ke. His courtesy name was Ziyu. Both Ke and Ziyu mean "carriage (马车)". Zhuge Liang's given name was Liang, which means "bright". His courtesy name was Kongming, which means "very bright".

56. How many parts are there in people's names in ancient China?

\_\_\_\_\_ A. 3. B. 4. C. 5. D. 6.

57. What does the underlined word "**courtesy** name" in Paragraph 2 mean in Chinese? \_\_\_\_\_

A. 名 B. 姓氏 C. 字 D. 昵称

58. Why did people call each other by their courtesy names in social life? \_\_\_\_\_

A. To show their love.  
B. To show their good relationship.  
C. To show their kindness.  
D. To show their respect.

59. What would be used if your elders were talking about you according to the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

A. Family name. B. Nickname.  
C. Given name. D. Courtesy name.

60. What's the main idea of the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

A. The famous poet Li Bai.  
B. Three parts of ancient names.  
C. The ancient names and the modern names.  
D. The development of names.

**D**

阅读下面短文,把 A - E 五个句子填入文中空缺处,使短文内容完整。

We do eye exercises. We wear sunglasses. We do lots of things to protect our eyes. **61**

Ears help us hear the world. But many things, such as loud noises, can cause hearing troubles. So how can we protect our ears? Let's take a look together.

**Keep your ears dry and warm**

**62** If you feel water in your ear, shake your head a little bit. This can help you get the water out of your ear. Also in summer, when the sun is shining, wear some sunscreen (防晒霜) on your ears.

**63****How to clean your ears**

**64** The earwax (耳屎) itself comes out of the ear along with some dirt. Don't clean your ears with anything sharp, or it can make the earwax go too deep into your ears and hurt them. But if your ears start to hurt, you can go to a doctor for help.

**How to use headphones**

Don't listen to loud music on your headphones for a long time. Over-the-ear headphones (头戴式耳机) are better than in-ear ones.

**65**

- A. They do a better job of stopping outside noise so you can listen at a lower volume.  
B. But we usually forget another important part of our body, the ears.  
C. Dry your ears after swimming or taking a shower.  
D. Usually, our ears clean themselves.  
E. In winter, protect your ears with a hat or a scarf.

**第 II 卷 (非选择题, 满分 50 分)****VI. 词汇 (本题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

A. 根据首字母提示补全单词, 使句子完整、通顺。将完整的单词写在答题卷上, 每空一词。

66. Cartoon characters like Monkey King are still p \_\_\_\_\_ in China.



67. It is reported that the h\_\_\_\_\_ of Qomolangma is more than 8844.43 meters.

68. They are such interesting books that we all enjoy r\_\_\_\_\_ them.

69. Learning to s\_\_\_\_\_ problems is very important.

70. She is fifteen, and next year she is going to celebrate her s\_\_\_\_\_ birthday.

B. 根据汉语提示完成单词,使句子完整、通顺,每空一词。

71. I \_\_\_\_\_ (几乎不) travel. As you know, I don't have enough time.

72. It was yesterday that I met one of my good friends in the \_\_\_\_\_ (街道).

73. His hometown is famous for tea, and \_\_\_\_\_ (我的) is famous for pears and grapes.

74. Next time you come to Yili, \_\_\_\_\_ (记得) to visit Sailimu Lake.

75. I think the car is \_\_\_\_\_ (便宜的) and I can afford it.

VII. 完成句子(本题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

根据所给提示完成句子。每空一词,含缩略词。

76. 如果乘公交车去机场的话,我会错过我的航班。  
If I \_\_\_\_\_ the bus to the airport, I'll \_\_\_\_\_ my flight.

77. 新疆一年四季都有适合游玩的美景。  
Xinjiang is suitable for visiting \_\_\_\_\_ year \_\_\_\_\_.

78. 约翰尽力在工作与娱乐中获得平衡。  
John does his best to keep the balance \_\_\_\_\_ work \_\_\_\_\_ play.

79. Life is just like a journey of discovery. (改为一般疑问句)  
\_\_\_\_\_ life just \_\_\_\_\_ a journey of discovery?

80. We will go to Beijing on summer vacation. (对画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ you go on summer vacation?

VIII. 英语口语(本题共5小题,每小题1分,共5分)

根据对话内容,用恰当的单词、短语或句子补全对话。

(Two friends are talking about one's new job)

A: Hey, Sam, you look so happy. Is there any good news?

B: 81. \_\_\_\_\_, I have got a new job.

A: A new job? It seems that you like it very much. 82. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: A computer programmer. You know I am good at computer programming.

A: Congratulations!

B: 83. \_\_\_\_\_. I will have a celebration party in my house tomorrow. Would you join us?

A: 84. Yes, I'd love to. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Let's meet at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

A: OK, see you!

B: 85. \_\_\_\_\_!

IX. 短文填空(本题共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

根据短文内容,在每个空格处填写一个适当的词,使文章意思完整且符合逻辑。每空一词,每词限用一次。

called painter always of trying  
move works health started serious

Zhang Junli, an amazing woman, is from Taiyuan, Shanxi Province. She has overcome life's greatest difficulties to become one of the most famous 86 in China. She has been paralyzed (瘫痪的) for over 30 years. When she was six, Zhang had a 87 illness. At eight, she could not move 90% of her body. She can only 88 her shoulders and neck a little now.

However, being paralyzed never prevented her from 89 to follow her dreams. Zhang took up drawing at a young age and 90 learning painting in 2015. Though it is hard for her to pick a paintbrush, her love for painting is 91 pushing her to challenge herself.

"Painting has changed me. The first time I picked up a brush, I felt that I liked to draw," says Zhang. "The world is so beautiful. Even if I am in poor 92, I don't want to give up the chance to live". Now Zhang has created thousands 93 pencil sketches (素描).

She also has an online shop 94 Zhang Junli's Paintings, where she sells her works.

Zhang wants to use her 95 to encourage those who are like her, and to tell them never to give up. "Instead of crying and worrying all day, find your meaning in life. Live in the present," says Zhang, a true inspiration.

X. 书面表达(15分)

初中生活即将结束,静坐在考场中的你,回想三年的学习和生活,一定有许多事情给你留下美好的记忆,请选择一件你最难忘的事情写一篇短文。

例如:1. 一次难忘的旅行

2. 一次难忘的比赛

3. 一次难忘的志愿服务

.....

要求:1. 语句通顺,意思连贯,内容详实,语法正确,书写规范;

2. 文中不得出现真实人名、校名;

3. 词数:80-120,开头已给出,开头及标点符号不计入总词数。

Looking back at these past three years, I had a lot of sweet memories. ...

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



新疆维吾尔自治区、新疆生产建设兵团  
2021 年初中学业水平考试

英语试题卷



扫码听音频

考生须知:1. 本试卷分为试题卷和答题卷两部分,试题卷共 8 页,答题卷共 2 页。

2. 满分 150 分(含听力 30 分)。考试时间 120 分钟。

题 号	第一部分	第二部分										总分
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X		
得分												

第 I 卷(选择题,满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力测试(满分 30 分)

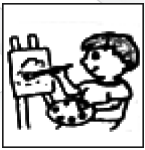
I. 听力(共计 30 分)

A. 听音选图(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

句子理解,根据听到的句子内容选择正确的图片。每小题读两遍。



A



B



C



D



E

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

B. 情景反应(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

听句子,选择正确的应答。每小题读两遍。

6. A. Good luck!

B. Turn left.

C. Sounds good.

7. A. Pretty good.

B. Hold on, please.

C. It's a ruler.

8. A. Well done!

B. Leo speaking.

C. Here you are.

9. A. It's Monday.

B. It's her birthday.

C. It's a snowy day.

10. A. He is a doctor.

B. He is tall.

C. He is fine.

C. 对话理解。(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

听对话及问题,选择正确的答案。每组对话读两遍。

11. Where is Jack going for summer vacation this year?

A. The Great Wall.

B. Tian'anmen Square.

C. The Palace Museum.

12. How do they go to the top of the mountain?

A. By car.

B. On foot.

C. By bus.

13. When does Cindy usually get up?

A. At 7:00 a. m.

B. At 7:15 a. m.

C. At 7:30 a. m.

14. What does Tom do?

A. A painter.

B. A writer.

C. A singer.

15. What is Tony going to do tomorrow?

A. Learn to drive.

B. Have a math exam.

C. Buy a computer.

D. 短文理解。(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

听短文,选择正确的答案。短文读两遍。

16. What language did Susan learn in college?

A. English.

B. German.

C. Chinese.

17. Where is Ted from?

A. England.

B. Canada.

C. America.

18. Who likes making friends?

A. Susan.

B. Ted.

C. Larry.

19. How long has Larry learned Chinese?

A. For 1 year.

B. For 4 years.

C. For 5 years.

20. What do they think of learning Chinese?

A. Boring.

B. Useful.

C. Exciting.

第二部分 语言知识运用(满分 70 分)

II. 从 B 栏中选出与 A 栏中相匹配的答语。(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

A

B

21. What's the matter with you?

A. It's sunny.

22. Which city is more beautiful,

Urumqi or Lanzhou?

B. On December 24th.

23. Who is your favorite national hero?

C. Zhong Nanshan.

24. When is your birthday?

D. Urumqi, I think.

25. How's the weather today?

E. I have a cold.

III. 单项选择。(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择一个正确答案。

26. —Who is \_\_\_\_\_ man in front of the post office?

—The one with \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella? He is our English teacher.

A. the; a

B. the; an

C. a; an

D. a; the

27. —Where would you like to go next week, Beijing or Tianjin?

—\_\_\_\_\_ is OK. It's up to you.

A. Both

B. None

C. Either

D. All

28. —How did you fix up the broken bicycle?

—It's easy. I just followed the \_\_\_\_\_.

A. instructions

B. instruments

C. interviews

D. inventions

29. —China's women's soccer team won a ticket to the Tokyo Olympics.

—Wow! \_\_\_\_\_ great they are! We are proud \_\_\_\_\_ them.

A. How; of

B. How; in

C. What; of

D. What; in

30. —Do you know that Tom is one of \_\_\_\_\_ students in his class?

- Yes, I do. He's as \_\_\_\_\_ as my brother.
- A. the tallest; taller                      B. tallest; taller  
C. the tallest; tall                         D. tallest; tall
31. There \_\_\_\_\_ an English show this weekend. Shall we go and watch it?
- A. are going to be                          B. was  
C. will be                                      D. were
32. We can achieve our dream \_\_\_\_\_ we don't give up hope in the face of difficulties.
- A. even though                                B. as long as  
C. so that                                       D. no matter what
33. —I saw Mr. Li in his office just now.  
—No, it \_\_\_\_\_ be him. He has \_\_\_\_\_ Guangzhou and will be back in two days.
- A. mustn't; gone to                          B. mustn't; been to  
C. can't; been to                               D. can't; gone to
34. —I just came back from Shanghai Disneyland. Can you guess \_\_\_\_\_?
- I've no idea. But I've heard everything there is quite expensive.
- A. how I came back home  
B. how many days I stayed there  
C. when I came back home  
D. how much I paid for the Micky Mouse toy
35. —It's cold outside. Would you mind closing the window?  
—\_\_\_\_\_. I will do it right away.
- A. Of course not                               B. No, you can't  
C. Of course                                    D. Forget it

IV. 完形填空。(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。

When I was ten, my mother worked all day, so I had to take care of my younger brother. At that time, my little brother was about four years old and he \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ mum all the time.

One day, after I had given him his dinner, he started crying for mum. He was so young and really needed mum. So I dressed him, \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ his shoes, carried him on my back and walked out. Soon he fell

asleep. About half an hour later, I found that he lost a shoe while he was \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_, I took him off my back and put him \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_. I knew we needed to find that shoe, for our mother couldn't afford to buy new shoes. I had to go back to \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ it, so I told my brother to wait right there. A man heard it and stopped me just \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ I went away. He asked me, "You are leaving your brother here to find the shoe? What will you do if he is not here when you return?" I didn't know \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ to answer that question. He continued, "It's OK if you can't find the shoe, but it is not OK to lose your \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_." Then he sent us to mum's workplace by taxi.

During my whole life I have received the \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ from many strangers. I feel sorry that I can't find them and say "\_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_. I do not even remember what they looked like, but they taught me a lesson—people are more important than things.

36. A. felt    B. missed  
C. cried    D. shouted
37. A. tried     B. had  
C. dressed up                                       D. put on
38. A. running                                        B. walking  
C. sleeping    D. playing
39. A. up     B. on  
C. down     D. in
40. A. find     B. see  
C. watch     D. buy
41. A. after     B. until  
C. during     D. before
42. A. how     B. what  
C. which     D. where
43. A. mother     B. father  
C. brother     D. sister
44. A. happiness                                       B. kindness  
C. sadness     D. rudeness
45. A. Thank you                                      B. Never mind

- C. No way    D. Congratulations

V. 阅读理解。(本题共 20 小题,每小题 2 分,共 40 分)

A

根据短文内容,判断下面各小题的正(T)误(F)。

I'm my mother's third girl. When I was born, the doctor gently explained to my mother that my left arm was missing, below the elbow (肘). Then she gave her some advice, "Don't treat her any differently from others." And she did.

There are five girls in my family, and we all had to help out. Once when I was about seven, I came out of the kitchen, "Mum, I can't peel potatoes. I only have one hand." "Get back to peel these potatoes, and don't ever use that as an excuse for anything again!"

Of course I could peel potatoes—with my good hand and my other arm. "Jenny, if you try hard," she said, "you can do anything."

Once in the second grade, our teacher had each of us race across the monkey bar (攀爬架).

When it was my turn, I said no. Some kids laughed. I went home crying.

The next afternoon Mum took me back to the school playground. "Now, pull up with your right arm." She advised. She praised me when I made progress. I'll never forget when I was crossing the bar, the kids were standing there with their mouths open.

It was the way with everything. Mum had the courage to face anything. And she taught me I could, too.

46. The writer has four sisters.
47. The doctor's advice means that the mum should treat the writer the same as others.
48. The writer's mum peeled the potatoes at last.
49. Mum didn't take the writer back to the school playground the next day.
50. Mum gave the writer the courage to face anything.

B

根据表格内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。

MOVIE GUIDE FRIDAY



<i>Harry Potter</i> Ⅲ 14:00 21:00 Science Fiction Now <i>Harry Potter</i> has been in the wizardry school for three years. He begins a new life. How is everything going?	<i>Mr. Bean</i> 9:00 18:00 Comedy Rowan Atkinson is a great actor. His movie <i>Mr. Bean</i> is coming. It's very funny. Don't miss it.
<i>Hi Mum</i> 11:00 16:00 Comedy Do you like Jia Ling? She is both the actress and director of this movie. It's so interesting and moving. Come and have fun!	<i>The Monkey King</i> 17:00 22:00 Cartoon It is picked from <i>Journey to the West</i> . This movie describes a brave hero who is fearless to fight against all gods... Children, come and see it!

51. What kind of movie is *Mr. Bean*?  
A. Comedy. B. Science fiction.  
C. Cartoon. D. Action movie.
52. \_\_\_\_\_ is picked from *Journey to the West*.  
A. *Harry Potter* Ⅲ B. *Mr. Bean*  
C. *Hi Mum* D. *The Monkey King*
53. After I finished my dinner at 7:30 on Friday evening, I could choose to enjoy \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. *The Monkey King* or *Mr. Bean*  
B. *Hi Mum* or *Harry Potter* Ⅲ  
C. *Harry Potter* Ⅲ or *The Monkey King*  
D. *Hi Mum* or *Mr. Bean*
54. \_\_\_\_\_ is the actress of *Hi Mum*.  
A. Rowan Atkinson  
B. Jia Ling  
C. Harry Potter  
D. The Monkey King
55. You can see *Harry Potter* Ⅲ at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. 2:00 a. m B. 4:00 a. m  
C. 1:00 p. m D. 9:00 p. m

C

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个正确答案。



Yangzhou paper cutting, with a history of 2,000 years, can be dated back to the Sui Dynasty, making Yangzhou one of the places where paper cutting first became popular.

In the Sui Dynasty, the people of Yangzhou would cut colourful paper or silk and satin (缎子) to celebrate festivals. It is said that Emperor Yang came to Yangzhou three times. In winter, the flowers and trees in the garden became dry and weak. The emperor ordered the girl servants to cut fine silk and satin into flowers and leaves and use them to **decorate** the trees and lakes, copying nicely the looks of spring and summer. Since then, “colorful cutting” has become a popular art in Yangzhou.

In the Tang Dynasty, the paper cutting industry was highly developed and a large amount of high-quality paper was made as presents to the Court (宫廷).

In the Qing Dynasty, because of the economic development, the people of Yangzhou became interested in wearing fine clothing, especially embroidered (刺绣的) clothing. The embroidered designs were based on paper-cuts, the most well-known of them was from Bao Jun, a paper cutting master. He won a high reputation (名声) as Magic Scissors for his wonderful cutting skills.

After the People's Republic of China was started, the Chinese government accepted the importance of paper cutting like many other arts and skills. In 2007, China Paper-cuts Museum opened to the public in the back garden of the Wang's Residence (住所), Yangzhou, greatly helping the development of Yangzhou paper cutting.

56. When did “colourful cutting” become a popular art in Yangzhou?  
A. In the Sui Dynasty. B. In the Tang Dynasty.  
C. In the Ming Dynasty. D. In the Qing Dynasty.
57. The underlined word “**decorate**” in Paragraph 2 means \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese.  
A. 种植 B. 装饰 C. 浇水 D. 砍伐
58. When did China Paper-cuts Museum open to the public?

- A. In 2007. B. In 2008. C. In 2009. D. In 2010.

59. Where can we probably find the passage?  
A. In a poem. B. In a novel.  
C. In a magazine. D. In a dictionary.
60. What's the main idea of the passage?  
A. How to make paper cutting.  
B. The way to cut paper.  
C. The importance of Yangzhou paper cutting.  
D. The history and development of Yangzhou paper cutting.

D

阅读下面短文,把 A - E 五个句子填入文中空缺处,使短文内容完整。

The world has been troubled by COVID-19 for over a year. Masks (口罩) are really important to everybody during the pandemic (疫情). We all wear masks every day. **61**. This could become a big environmental problem.

In a study, scientists from the US and Denmark said that people around the world are now using 129 billion face masks every month. **62**. What a large number it is!

According to Elvis Genbo Xu from the University of Southern Denmark, disposable (一次性的) masks are plastic products. **63**. People think that they are a new kind of pollution.

**64**. But we can't recycle masks. Scientists have called for setting up mask-only trash cans (垃圾箱) to deal with mask waste.

**65**. We believe that we can solve this problem in the near future though there is still a lot of work to do.

- A. They also suggest that we use more reusable cotton masks.  
B. Other plastic products are often recycled.  
C. But we have to throw them away after a short time.  
D. That is to say, we use 2.8 million masks every minute!  
E. These used plastic masks can not only pollute the earth but also oceans.

第 II 卷(非选择题,满分 50 分)

VI. 词汇(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

A. 根据首字母提示补全单词,使句子完整、通顺。将完整的单词写在答题卷上。

66. Keep your eyes closed. Don't open them u \_\_\_\_\_ I tell you to do so.

67. When I graduate from junior high school, I hope to go s \_\_\_\_\_ interesting.

68. My doctor advised me to take the medicine t \_\_\_\_\_ a day, in the morning and evening.

69. Bob is such an h \_\_\_\_\_ boy that all his friends trust him a lot.

70. At table, we Chinese use c \_\_\_\_\_, while foreigners use knives and forks.

B. 根据汉语提示完成单词,使句子完整、通顺。

71. Chinese \_\_\_\_\_ (文化) has influenced the world for thousands of years.

72. I couldn't find my computer, so my sister asked me to use \_\_\_\_\_ (她的).

73. In our daily life, it's important to know how to ask for help \_\_\_\_\_ (礼貌地).

74. If you keep doing sports, you will be much \_\_\_\_\_ (健康的) than before.

75. I don't think students should be \_\_\_\_\_ (允许) to bring mobile phones to school.

VII. 完成句子(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

根据所给提示完成句子。每空一词,含缩略词。

76. 如果我们齐心协力,就能改善环境。

If all of us \_\_\_\_\_, we are able to improve the environment.

77. 多亏了互联网,我们在家就能购物。

\_\_\_\_\_ the Internet, we can do all our shopping at home.

78. Jeff does some volunteer work in the community every month. (改

为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ Jeff do \_\_\_\_\_ volunteer work in the community every month?

79. The old couple made their living by selling vegetables. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ the old couple make their living?

80. The boy is so young that he can't dress himself. (改为同义句)

The boy is \_\_\_\_\_ old \_\_\_\_\_ to dress himself.

VIII. 英语口语。(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

根据对话内容,用恰当的单词、短语或句子补全对话。

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 81 \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Yes, please. I want a skirt for my aunt's birthday party.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 82 \_\_\_\_\_ do you want?

B: I want a red one.

A: Come here, please. How about this one?

B: I love it. What is it made of?

A: It's made of cotton.

B: \_\_\_\_\_ 83 \_\_\_\_\_?

A: It's seventy-nine *yuan*.

B: OK. I'll \_\_\_\_\_ 84 \_\_\_\_\_ it.

A: Here you are.

B: Thank you.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 85 \_\_\_\_\_.

IX. 短文填空(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

根据短文内容,在每个空格处选择一个适当的词,并用该词的适当形式填空,使文章意思完整且符合逻辑。(每空一词,不可重复使用)

more	me	night	choose	well
spirit	with	deeply	reading	although

My father Rong Xing isn't exactly a good father.

He works every day late into the 86, sometimes even forgetting to eat dinner, and gets up early as well. Even when he's at home, he always thinks about his work and hardly ever spends any time with my

mother and 87.

As a doctor who graduated from Peking University, he could make lots of money and only do half the work he is doing now, but he 88 to do more difficult and important work when he graduated. He spends every coin like it is his last 89 he makes a good salary (薪资). He always wears worn(破旧的), cheap clothes, saying they are "comfortable and suit me 90", and refuses to change. I sometimes get angry 91 him for not caring enough about his appearance(外表), but he just smiles and says", "Daddy has 92 important uses for the money, all right?"

I never stopped being curious(好奇的) about how he spent his money. Then one day when I was 93 the newspaper, a piece of news caught my eye: "Rong Xing donates 100,000 *yuan* to help poor children go back to school." Then I suddenly understood.

My father's love for others touched me 94. I started to understand the great 95 and I decided to pass it on.

X. 书面表达(15 分)

三年将尽,未来已来,我们如何成为更好的自己? 请以“To Be a Better Man”为题,写一篇英文短文,从学习方法、生活习惯、交友沟通等方面进行描述。

写作要求:1. 参考所给提示,可适当发挥;

2. 条理清晰,语句通顺;

3. 文中不得出现姓名、学校名等个人真实信息;

4. 短文词数在 80 至 120 词之间。

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新疆维吾尔自治区、新疆生产建设兵团  
2020 年初中学业水平考试

英语试题卷



扫码听音频

考生须知:1. 本试卷分为试题卷和答题卷两部分,试题卷共 8 页,答题卷共 2 页。  
2. 满分 150 分(含听力 30 分)。考试时间 120 分钟。

题 号	第一部分	第二部分										总分
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X		
得分												

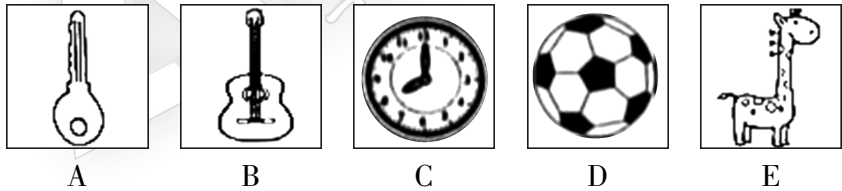
第 I 卷(选择题,满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力测试(满分 30 分)

一. 听力(共计 30 分)

A. 听音选图(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 5 分)

句子理解,根据听到的句子内容选择正确的图片。每小题读两遍。



1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

B. 情景反应(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 5 分)

听句子,选择正确的应答。每小题读两遍。

6. A. She is my sister. B. Yes, she is. C. She's not here.  
7. A. Here you are.  
B. No, it isn't.  
C. It's a car.  
8. A. Thanks a lot.  
B. See you.  
C. Never mind.  
9. A. All right. B. That's OK. C. I'll have a new job.  
10. A. Good idea. B. Not bad. C. My pleasure.

C. 对话理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)

听对话及问题,选择正确的答案。每组对话读两遍。

11. What does Eric's father look like?  
A. He's short. B. He's tall. C. He's kind.  
12. Does the boy like the book?  
A. Yes, he does.  
B. No, he doesn't.  
C. He buys it.  
13. Where are the two speakers?  
A. In a park.  
B. In a museum.  
C. In a restaurant.  
14. Which T-shirt will the man buy?  
A. The blue one.  
B. The black one.  
C. The white one.  
15. How old is Nick?  
A. Sixty. B. Six. C. Sixteen.  
D. 短文理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)  
听短文,选择正确的答案。短文读两遍。  
16. Which city did Marcus visit in China?  
A. Guangzhou.  
B. Chengdu.  
C. Xiamen.  
17. What did Marcus think of the food?  
A. Bad. B. Awful. C. Very nice.  
18. Marcus met many \_\_\_\_\_ in China.  
A. new friends  
B. doctors  
C. workers  
19. Many people in the city could speak \_\_\_\_\_ English.  
A. much B. a little C. lots of  
20. Marcus will try his best to learn \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. cooking B. kung fu C. Chinese

第二部分 语言知识运用(满分 70 分)

II. 从 B 栏中选出与 A 栏中相匹配的答语(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)

- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| A                                       | B                     |
| 21. Don't be noisy in the reading room! | A. Red.               |
| 22. What can your pet dog do?           | B. I have a headache. |
| 23. When is your birthday?              | C. He can dance.      |
| 24. What color is the cup?              | D. Sorry, I won't.    |
| 25. What's wrong with you?              | E. May 1st.           |

III. 单项选择(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择一个正确答案。

26. —The photo makes me think of \_\_\_\_\_ trip to Hangzhou last year.  
—Yeah, we had \_\_\_\_\_ great time there.  
A. a;/ B. an; the  
C. the; the D. the; a  
27. —I don't know how to \_\_\_\_\_ the old clothes.  
—You can give them away to the charity.  
A. hand in B. deal with  
C. take up D. clean up  
28. —Why don't the doctors stop \_\_\_\_\_ lunch?  
—Because they are busy \_\_\_\_\_ a patient.  
A. to have; to save B. having; saving  
C. to have; saving D. having; to save  
29. —Look, Cindy. The flowers in our classroom come out in one night.  
—That's fantastic! They are beautiful and colorful. They \_\_\_\_\_ nice.  
A. smells B. smell  
C. sounds D. sound  
30. Most of the earth's surface \_\_\_\_\_ by water.  
A. is covered B. covers  
C. is grown D. grows

31. —The song *My Country and I* is very \_\_\_\_\_ in China.  
—Yes. Chinese like to sing this song to show their love of being Chinese.
- A. direct                      B. clear  
C. popular                    D. correct
32. Pay no attention to those who laugh at you. What \_\_\_\_\_ most is how you see yourself.
- A. drinks                    B. matters  
C. cares                      D. minds
33. My classmate is jumping so far! I \_\_\_\_\_ believe my eyes.
- A. shouldn't                B. needn't  
C. mustn't                   D. can't
34. —I think it's necessary to learn how to work in groups.  
—I agree. Sometimes it's even \_\_\_\_\_ than grades.
- A. more important        B. less important  
C. the least important    D. the most important
35. —What did the shopkeeper say to you?  
—She asked me \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. when does the shop close  
B. where did I see the style  
C. If I preferred that orange dress  
D. what else I will buy

IV. 完型填空(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 10 分)

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择 一个正确答案。

My friend Richard went far to work, so he asked me to take care of his yard in the mountains. He worked hard and often kept the yard \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ without any grass. But I was too lazy to sweep the fallen leaves, and I \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ pluck (拔) grass, allowing it to grow rapidly. In the early \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_, in March, the leaves were green and soft. A month later, when the leaves spread quickly, I discovered they were like wild orchids (兰花) in the forest.

As the summer came, the “grass” really flowered. The flowers looked like those forest orchids, \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ they were yellow, unlike those purple or brown red forest orchids. I picked one flower, then went to find a friend who studied \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_. As soon as my friend saw it he asked me \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ I picked it. “It’s amazing!” He \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ explained, “This kind of orchid is hard to find. Now

it is worth at least 10,000 dollars each.”

I told the good news to Richard. He was \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_. After a while he said gently, he saw the orchid in the yard every year, but he thought it was common grass, so he always plucked it. He said, “If I could \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_, it would flower a few years before.” Yes, all of us might miss some rare (稀有的) orchids in our own lives. We don’t give them the time to flower to prove their value.

Give the “grass” time to flower and give everybody a \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ to prove his value. Don’t pluck a leave of any “grass” or negate (否定) a person rudely and how many “rare orchids” we will get in our lives!

36. A. wild      B. clean      C. dry      D. dirty  
37. A. sometimes      B. often  
C. never      D. always  
38. A. spring      B. summer  
C. autumn      D. winter  
39. A. so      B. but  
C. then      D. or  
40. A. colors      B. rivers  
C. seasons      D. plants  
41. A. that      B. why  
C. where      D. who  
42. A. proudly      B. successfully  
C. carelessly      D. excitedly  
43. A. worried      B. surprised  
C. scared      D. relaxed  
44. A. wait      B. get  
C. take      D. make  
45. A. tree      B. yard  
C. flower      D. chance

V. 阅读理解(本题共 20 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 40 分)

A

根据短文内容,判断下面各小题的正(T)误(F)。

Karen has two kids, a boy and a girl, Dave and Nancy. Both of

them are very lovely. And the boy loves his little sister very much because he thinks he must protect her. However, the little girl got a serious illness one day and needed some blood. And the hospital also couldn’t find the same type of blood for the girl. But Karen knew both of her kids have the same type of blood. So Karen asked her son, “Would you like to give your blood to your sister?”

Dave agreed at once. After transferring (转移) his blood, the boy asked his mother, “Mom, how long can I live from now on?” Karen understood that her son had thought he would die soon after he lost some of his blood. So Karen said to her son, “Don’t worry, my son. You won’t die if you lose a little blood.”

“Really? How long can I live?” the boy asked his mother again. “I think you can live to be 100 years old.” smiled his mother. The boy lifted his arms and said happily, “Well, please give half of my blood to my little sister! Then both of us can live 50 years!”

46. Karen has two lovely kids.  
47. The little girl got a serious illness.  
48. Dave didn’t want to give blood to his sister.  
49. Nancy thought she would die soon after she got some blood.  
50. The boy loved his sister very much.

B

根据表格内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择 一个正确答案。

A Wild Animal Zoo	Musicians wanted
Come on! There are elephants, tigers, pandas... You can also enjoy the most interesting animal show at the lowest prices.	Do you like music? Can you play the piano or the violin? Can you sing or dance?
<b>Ticket prices:</b> Adults: ¥ 80 Children: ¥ 40	Then you can be in our school music festival.
<b>Show time:</b> 11:00 a. m. -11:40 a. m. 3:00 p. m. -3:40 p. m. Sundays and Saturdays	Please call Mr. Zhang at 6205612 at the Students' Sports Center.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Summer Camp</b></p> <p>Do you want to camping in the open air? Do you want to climb mountains? Join us!</p> <p><b>Dates:</b> June 7th to June 16th</p> <p><b>Price:</b> ¥ 1350</p> <p>Children aged from 7 to 13 are welcomed.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Make Cakes by Yourself</b></p> <p>You can make all kinds of cakes at the Sweet House. When you finish, take and share them with your friends.</p> <p>Time: 12:30 p. m. - 3:00 p. m.</p> <p>From Monday to Friday</p> <p>Tel: 6025612</p>
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51. Mr. and Mrs. Green with two children have to pay \_\_\_\_\_ to go to the Wild Animal Zoo.
- A. ¥200  
B. ¥240  
C. ¥120  
D. ¥160
52. If Alice wants to join the school music festival, she should call \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. 6205612  
B. 6201256  
C. 6021256  
D. 6025612
53. Jack is interested in climbing mountains, he can go to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. the Wild Animal Zoo  
B. the Students' Sports Center  
C. the Summer Camp  
D. the Sweet House
54. You can \_\_\_\_\_ at Sweet House.
- A. enjoy an animal show  
B. go camping  
C. make cakes  
D. play the piano
55. We can make cakes \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. at 3:00 p. m. —3:40 p. m. on Friday  
B. at 11:00 a. m. —11:40 a. m. on Sunday  
C. at 12:30 p. m. —3:00 p. m. on Saturday  
D. at 12:30 p. m. —3:00 p. m. on Monday

## C

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择一个正确答案。

Beijing Opera is one of the Chinese traditional drama art forms and the largest Chinese opera form. Having a history of about 200

years, it is developed from many other drama forms, mostly from the local drama “Huiban”. It was especially popular in south China during the 18th century.

Theatrical(戏剧的) art forms in many other countries do not have singing, dancing and spoken parts together in one single drama. An opera singer, for example, neither dances nor speaks on stage; there are no singing or dancing parts in a modern play; in a dance drama, the dancer doesn't speak or sing. Traditional Chinese drama, including Beijing Opera, is a kind of entertainment. It includes spoken parts, singing and dancing.

Beijing Opera has spread to many other places. Mei Lanfang, one of the most famous performers of all, was the first to introduce Beijing Opera to foreigners and made lightly successful tours to foreign countries.

“You will doubt and sometimes be a little bored, but you will be interested gradually. You will be strongly attracted to Beijing Opera, even if you know nothing about the drama background.” This is how one traveler described his first experience in watching Beijing Opera.

Beijing Opera is China's national opera and **it** is full of Chinese cultural traditions. Welcome to China and enjoy Beijing Opera!

56. Beijing Opera is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. unpopular in north China  
B. only developed from the local drama “Huiban”  
C. a much larger Chinese opera form  
D. a Chinese traditional drama art form
57. After watching Beijing Opera for the first time, the traveler felt \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. busy  
B. nervous  
C. interested  
D. uneasy
58. The underlined word “it” in the last paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Beijing Opera  
B. local dramas  
C. an opera singer  
D. a modern play

- 59.** According to the passage, which of the following statements is **NOT** true?

- A. Beijing Opera is a kind of entertainment.
- B. An opera singer neither dances nor speaks on stage usually.
- C. Only old people are interested in Beijing Opera.
- D. Mei Lanfang was the first one to introduce Beijing Opera to foreigners.

- 60.** The main purpose of writing the passage is to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. ask young people to learn Beijing Opera
- B. tell us something about Beijing Opera
- C. show why Beijing Opera is popular in Europe
- D. introduce everything about foreign Opera

## D

阅读下面短文,把 A-E 五个句子填入文中空缺处,使短文内容完整。

Long ago, as people got older, there was something wrong with their teeth and it would be very painful. **61**

Later people learned that cleaning their teeth was important, but they didn't have toothpaste (牙膏) at that time. **62**

About 100 years ago someone finally created a kind of cream to clean teeth. Not long after that, the toothpaste tube (管子) was invented, so people could press the toothpaste right onto the toothbrush! \_\_\_\_\_

**63** \_\_\_\_\_ The army gave brushes and toothpaste to all the soldiers, and they learned to brush teeth twice a day. At that time toothpaste tubes were made of metal. **64**

Today there are plenty of toothpaste choices: lots of colors and tastes to choose from, and some kinds of toothpaste are made just for children. When you're choosing a kind of toothpaste, make sure it has fluoride (氟化物). 65 When you brush your teeth, you don't need a lot of toothpaste; just press out a bit.

- A. They used lemon juice, salt or other things to clean their teeth.
- B. Tooth brushing became popular during the World War I.
- C. Fluoride makes your teeth strong and healthy.
- D. Today they're made of soft plastic and are much easier to use!
- E. To avoid toothache, they had their teeth pulled out.



第 II 卷(非选择题,满分 50 分)

VI. 词汇(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 10 分)

A. 根据首字母提示补全单词,使句子完整、通顺。将完整的单词写在答题卷上。

66. This is the t \_\_\_\_\_ time I've been to the Heaven Lake after I came here in 2018 and 2019.

67. To my surprise, Sam made a d \_\_\_\_\_ to study Chinese medicine in Beijing.

68. We need to c \_\_\_\_\_ up with a plan to tell people about the city park clean-up.

69. On Mother's Day, my mother was happy because I gave h \_\_\_\_\_ a scarf as a present.

70. The young man has no friends here, so he feels l \_\_\_\_\_.

B. 根据汉语提示完成单词,使句子完整,通顺。

71. For modern society, the computer is a great \_\_\_\_\_ (发明).

72. The more you think about others, the more \_\_\_\_\_ (有帮助的) you will be.

73. Thank you for giving me the useful \_\_\_\_\_ (建议) to learn English.

74. To sit \_\_\_\_\_ (舒适地), passengers aren't supposed to eat or drink on the subway.

75. Our school is going to \_\_\_\_\_ (修建) a new library next month.

VII. 完成句子(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)

根据所给提示完成句子。每空一词,含缩略词。

76. 面对困难时如果你不放弃,你就应该为自己感到骄傲。  
If you never give up when in trouble, you should be \_\_\_\_\_ yourself.

77. 无现金支付已经改变了我们的生活方式,它真的很方便。  
Cashless payment has \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ of our life and it is really convenient.

78. Ellen has already bought some flowers. (改为否定句)  
Ellen \_\_\_\_\_ bought any flowers \_\_\_\_\_.

79. Holly's mother made delicious *zongzi* yesterday. (改为感叹句)  
\_\_\_\_\_ *zongzi* Holly's mother made yesterday!

80. I improved my Chinese a lot with the teacher's help. (就划线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ you improve your Chinese a lot?

VIII. 英语口语(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 5 分)

根据对话内容,用恰当的单词、短语或句子补全对话。

A: Peter, how about playing basketball together this afternoon?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ 81 \_\_\_\_\_. I'm busy. Maybe another time.

A: What are you doing?  
B: I'm \_\_\_\_\_ 82 \_\_\_\_\_. I must finish it on time.

A: What plan? Is it very important?  
B: Yes. It's about \_\_\_\_\_ 83 \_\_\_\_\_.

A: What kind of volunteer work do you do?  
B: I help out at the old people's home and I organize some activities.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 84 \_\_\_\_\_. Can I join you?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ 85 \_\_\_\_\_.

IX. 短文填空(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 10 分)

根据短文内容,在每个空格处填写一个适当的词,使文章意思完整且符合逻辑。(每空一词)

at egg live kindness have  
protect another moving as nothing

Scott often goes to supermarket for shopping. One day, he went to shop at the supermarket \_\_\_\_\_ 86 \_\_\_\_\_ usual. While he was looking for a parking space, he saw a goose (鹅) standing in the middle of the road. He thought it might be injured, he parked the car and \_\_\_\_\_ 87 \_\_\_\_\_ a look. However, the goose looked angry and tried to drive him away. He could do \_\_\_\_\_ 88 \_\_\_\_\_ but leave.

When Scott finished shopping and walked out of the supermarket, he was surprised \_\_\_\_\_ 89 \_\_\_\_\_ what he saw. The goose was still walking around the parking lot, and there was \_\_\_\_\_ 90 \_\_\_\_\_ goose not far away. A few traffic cones (锥形警告路标) had been put around it. Scott knew it was a female from its feather. A man from the supermar-

ket told Scott they had done so in order to \_\_\_\_\_ 91 \_\_\_\_\_ "the family". The family? Yes, the female goose was found laying \_\_\_\_\_ 92 \_\_\_\_\_.

A few hours ago, Scott shared this \_\_\_\_\_ 93 \_\_\_\_\_ story on the Internet. Indeed, it was just a small thing, but showing the \_\_\_\_\_ 94 \_\_\_\_\_ of human nature. If all of us can \_\_\_\_\_ 95 \_\_\_\_\_ peacefully with animals, we believe that our earth will become better.

X. 书面表达(15 分)

良好的习惯让人受益终身。如何培养良好的习惯? 请根据以下内容提示,以 "How To Develop A Good Habit" 为题,用英语写一篇短文,可以适当发挥。

- 要点: (1) 坚持锻炼,不要熬夜,睡眠充足;  
(2) 多吃水果蔬菜,少吃垃圾食品;  
(3) 努力学习,广泛阅读;  
(4) 体贴父母,多做家务;  
.....

注意: (1) 要点齐全,条理清晰,语句通顺,不需逐条翻译;  
(2) 文中不得出现姓名、校名等真实信息;  
(3) 短文不少于 80 词。

\_\_\_\_\_

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新疆维吾尔自治区、新疆生产建设兵团  
2019 年初中学业水平考试

英语试题卷



考生须知:1. 本试卷分为试题卷和答题卷两部分,试题卷共 8 页,答题卷共 2 页。  
2. 满分 150 分(含听力 30 分)。考试时间 120 分钟。

题 号	第一部分	第二部分										总分
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X		
得分												

第 I 卷(选择题,满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力测试(共四大题,满分 30 分)

I. 听力(共计 30 分)

A. 听音选图(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 5 分)

句子理解,根据听到的句子内容选择正确的图片,每小题读两遍。



1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

B. 情景反应(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 5 分)

听句子,选择正确的应答,每小题读两遍。

6. A. My pleasure.  
B. Terrible!  
C. See you.
7. A. No thanks.  
B. Hold on, please.  
C. Well done.
8. A. She is tall.  
B. She is ill.

- C. She is a teacher.
9. A. No, I'm very well.  
B. Yes, they are.  
C. This way, please.

10. A. Of course.  
B. It doesn't matter.  
C. I got up late.

C. 对话理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)

听对话及问题,选择正确的答案,每组对话读两遍。

11. Where is Kate from?  
A. Canada. B. The UK. C. Japan.

12. What is the name of the washing machine?  
A. Haier.  
B. Midea.  
C. ChangHong.

13. How often will the man take the medicine?  
A. Once a week.  
B. Twice a month.  
C. Three times a day.

14. How many books did the woman buy?  
A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

15. What about the weather?  
A. Snowy. B. Cloudy. C. Sunny.

D. 短文理解(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)

听短文,选择正确的答案,短文读两遍。

16. Jim is \_\_\_\_\_ years old.  
A. eleven B. seven C. nine
17. It is the \_\_\_\_\_ time for Jim to see a film alone.  
A. second B. first C. last
18. Jim buys \_\_\_\_\_ from the girl.  
A. one ticket  
B. three tickets  
C. two tickets

19. Jim meets \_\_\_\_\_ in the cinema.

- A. his parents  
B. no friends  
C. some friends

20. \_\_\_\_\_ cuts up the boy's tickets.

- A. The driver  
B. The worker  
C. The old man

第二部分 语言知识运用(满分 70 分)

II. 从 B 栏中选出与 A 栏中相匹配的答语(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 10 分)

- |                                  |                          |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| A                                | B                        |
| 21. It's a lovely day, isn't it? | A. The same to you!      |
| 22. Happy New Year!              | B. Good idea!            |
| 23. Let's go hiking tomorrow.    | C. Yes, it's a fine day. |
| 24. How do you get to school?    | D. Take it easy.         |
| 25. I feel nervous to hear that. | E. On foot!              |

III. 单项选择(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择一个正确答案。

26. —Is that \_\_\_\_\_ post office?  
—No, it's \_\_\_\_\_ old library.  
A. the; a B. a; an  
C. an; a D. an; the
27. Not only Jack but also I \_\_\_\_\_ crazy about the football match.  
A. am B. is  
C. are D. be
28. —Whose card is this?  
—It is \_\_\_\_\_. My brother Tom gave it to me on my birthday.  
A. my B. hers  
C. ours D. mine
29. The story is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting \_\_\_\_\_ everybody likes it very much.  
A. very; that B. so; that  
C. such; that D. such; because

30. —I'm afraid his radio is too noisy. Will you please \_\_\_\_\_ him to \_\_\_\_\_ a little.

—Sure.

- A. ask; turn it down  
B. allow; turn it on  
C. tell; turn it up  
D. advise; turn it off

31. Mum likes \_\_\_\_\_ soap operas. Let's buy a TV for her.

- A. becoming  
B. watching  
C. looking  
D. smelling

32. —All of my classmates have passed the English test.

—\_\_\_\_\_ exciting the news is!

- A. How  
B. What  
C. What an  
D. How an

33. The \_\_\_\_\_ we do for other people, the \_\_\_\_\_ we will be.

- A. much; happier  
B. more; happy  
C. more; happier  
D. most; happiest

34. —Would you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_?

—It's Mr. Black's.

- A. when the robot was bought  
B. who the robot belongs to  
C. why the robot was made  
D. which city the robot was taken to

35. David, \_\_\_\_\_ you please sweep the floor and take out the trash?

- A. could  
B. may  
C. might  
D. must

IV. 完型填空(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共计 10 分)

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择一

个正确答案。  
One day a little mouse was thirsty. She looked everywhere for water to drink. She climbed up onto a table. And she saw a bottle on the table. The mouth of the bottle was **36**. The little mouse

looked inside the bottle. "Aha, there is **37** milk in it. That's great!" She went into it and began to drink.

She drank and drank. After a moment she had drunk enough. Her stomach was too big and she couldn't come **38** the bottle. She cried for help. Just then a cat came up to the table. When the cat **39** the cry he jumped onto the table so **40**, and said, "You'll be my nice lunch!" The little mouse was very clever and she **41** for a moment and said, "Brother Cat, you mustn't roll the bottle." "**42**?" asked the cat. "I would get dizzy (头晕目眩的)," said the mouse. The cat said that he would let her **43** soon. So he began to roll the bottle. Suddenly the bottle fell down onto the floor and broke into **44**. The little mouse ran **45** as fast as she could. When the cat jumped off the table and ran after her, the mouse had already gone into her home.

36. A. big  
B. strong  
C. weak  
D. small  
37. A. little  
B. some  
C. few  
D. a few  
38. A. into  
B. up  
C. out of  
D. down  
39. A. heard  
B. saw  
C. tasted  
D. looked  
40. A. happy  
B. honest  
C. honestly  
D. happily  
41. A. ate  
B. thought  
C. drank  
D. took  
42. A. When  
B. Where  
C. Why  
D. How  
43. A. dying  
B. die  
C. to die  
D. died

44. A. boxes  
B. glasses  
C. pieces  
D. cakes

45. A. away  
B. in  
C. to  
D. at

V. 阅读理解(本题共 20 小题,每小题 2 分,共计 40 分)

A

根据短文内容,判断下面各小题的正(T)误(F)。

A farmer had a friend and his friend was famous for growing wonderful apple trees.

One day, the farmer's friend gave him a young apple tree and told him to take it home and plant it.

The farmer loved the gift. But when he got home, he did not know where to plant it. He was afraid that if he planted the tree near the road, strangers would steal the apples. If he planted the tree in one of his fields, his neighbors would come at night and steal the apples. If he planted the tree near his house, his children would take the apples. Finally he planted the tree in his wood. Nobody could see it, but there was no sunlight in his wood, the tree soon died.

Later, the friend asked the farmer why he planted the tree in such a poor place. "What's the difference?" the farmer said angrily. "If I plant the tree near the road, strangers may steal the apples. If I plant the tree in one of my fields, my neighbors may come at night and steal the apples. If I plant the tree near my house, my children may take the apples."

"Yes," said the friend, "but at least someone could enjoy the apples. Now no one could eat the apples, and the apple tree died!"

46. The farmer's friend was famous for growing wonderful pear trees.

47. The farmer didn't plant the tree near the road.

48. The farmer planted the tree in one of his fields.

49. There was no sunlight in the farmer's wood.

50. All of the farmer's friends enjoyed the apples at last.

B

根据表格内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择一 个正确答案。

<p><b>Lisa’s Gym</b></p> <p>Keep fit! Lose weight!</p> <p>Play basketball, do yoga(瑜伽), dance and meet many new friends!</p> <p><b>Price:</b> ¥ 40/hour</p> <p><b>Open time:</b> Saturdays and Sundays</p> <p><b>Tel:</b> 2133730</p>	<p><b>A Concert</b></p> <p>Do you like classical music?</p> <p>Come to the concert on Friday evening.</p> <p>The concert will begin at 6:30 in the Children’s Palace.</p> <p><b>Ticket price:</b></p> <p>Adults: ¥120</p> <p>Children (under 15): ¥60</p>
<p><b>The Ugly Duck</b></p> <p>A wonderful play at People’s Cinema.</p> <p><b>Ticket price:</b> ¥ 80</p> <p><b>Time:</b> 6:00 p. m. — 8:00 p. m.</p> <p><b>Dates:</b> July 24th to July 27th</p>	<p><b>Summer Job</b></p> <p>Do you like to talk with people?</p> <p>Do you like to work late?</p> <p>Do you like to work for a restaurant?</p> <p>Then come and work for us as a waiter.</p> <p>Please call Jenny at <b>8124697</b> for more information.</p>

51. You can \_\_\_\_\_ at Lisa’s Gym.
- A. watch a movie                      B. play basketball
- C. go to a concert                      D. find a job
52. Miss Green is going to dance at Lisa’s Gym and she can go there on \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Wednesday                      B. Thursday
- C. Friday                      D. Saturday
53. Mr. and Mrs. White and their 14-year-old son have to pay \_\_\_\_\_ for the concert.
- A. ¥ 300                      B. ¥ 180
- C. ¥ 240                      D. ¥ 120
54. Jack can watch a play at People’s Cinema \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. at 6:00 a. m. on July 23rd
- B. at 4:00 a. m. on July 24th

- C. at 6:00 p. m. on July 25th
- D. at 4:00 p. m. on July 26th

55. Linda wants to find a job during her summer holiday, she can call \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. 8967234                      B. 8567234
- C. 8213373                      D. 8124697

C

根据短文内容,在 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择一 个正确答案。

What does Beijing’s Palace Museum look like at night? Many people don’t know the answer to this question, as it closes at around 4:30 p. m. in winter and 5:00 p. m. in summer. However, to celebrate the Lantern Festival, Beijing’s Palace Museum opened its door to the public after dark—for two nights only. That’s a first in 94 years!

Although people could get free tickets on the museum’s website, it was difficult to get a ticket. The website even stopped working for a while because too many people visited it at the same time. Zhang Zhifu, a 77-year-old woman, received a ticket from the museum as a gift. “I grew up in Beijing and I visit the Palace Museum every year, but I never got to see it at night. It is truly an honor,” she said.

In the past celebrating the Lantern Festival was a tradition for the imperial (皇帝的) family. “We want to pass the tradition on and give people more festival experiences, ” said Shan Jixiang, the head of the Palace Museum. On the night of February 19th, 2019, about 3,000 visitors spent the Lantern Festival in the Palace museum.

56. Beijing’s Palace Museum closes at around 4:30 p. m. in \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. spring                      B. summer
- C. autumn                      D. winter
57. To celebrate the Lantern Festival, Beijing’s Palace Museum opened after dark for \_\_\_\_\_ only.
- A. one night                      B. two nights
- C. three nights                      D. four nights

58. The museum’s website even stopped working for a while because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. too many people visited it at the same time
- B. there weren’t enough tickets
- C. the Palace Museum was too crowded
- D. nobody wanted to see the Palace Museum at night

59. Which of the following statements is **TRUE**? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Nobody received a ticket as a gift.
- B. The Palace Museum never opened after dark.
- C. Zhang Zhifu grew up in Beijing.
- D. No visitors went to the Palace Museum in 2019.

60. It is \_\_\_\_\_ on February 19th, 2019.

- A. National Day                      B. the Lantern Festival
- C. the Dragon Boat Festival                      D. Mid-Autumn Festival

D

阅读下面短文,把 A-E 五个句子填入文中空缺处,使短文内 容完整。

Volunteering is fun and rewarding (有益的), but if you want to be a good volunteer, you need to learn more. **61**

Be well-trained. Know what you’re doing as a volunteer. If you need to learn about your job, **62** If you’re good at your job, it will be easier to help others.

**63** Work as part of a team and make sure everyone works together and shares the work. If someone asks for help, just give a hand. If you need some help, ask politely for it.

Be understanding. **64**

Be friendly. **65** To be a volunteer, you might meet new people who want to make friends with. You might just meet someone who becomes a friend for the rest of your life.

- A. Treat others like friends, and they’ll do the same for you.
- B. begin to do it at once.
- C. Try to understand what other people are facing.
- D. Here’s some advice on how to do the volunteering jobs well.
- E. Don’t try to do everything by yourself.



